



BIG IDEAS

Algebra allows us to **generalize** relationships through abstract thinking.

The meanings of, and **connections** between, operations extend to powers, radicals, and polynomials.

Quadratic relationships are prevalent in the world around us.

Trigonometry involves using **proportional reasoning** to solve **indirect measurement** problems.

Learning Standards

Curricular Competencies	Content
<p><i>Students are expected to do the following:</i></p> <p>Reasoning and modelling</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Develop thinking strategies to solve puzzles and play gamesExplore, analyze, and apply mathematical ideas using reason, technology, and other toolsEstimate reasonably and demonstrate fluent, flexible, and strategic thinking about numberModel with mathematics in situational contextsThink creatively and with curiosity and wonder when exploring problems <p>Understanding and solving</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">Develop, demonstrate, and apply conceptual understanding of mathematical ideas through play, story, inquiry, and problem solvingVisualize to explore and illustrate mathematical concepts and relationshipsApply flexible and strategic approaches to solve problemsSolve problems with persistence and a positive dispositionEngage in problem-solving experiences connected with place, story, cultural practices, and perspectives relevant to local First Peoples communities, the local community, and other cultures	<p><i>Students are expected to know the following:</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">real number systempowers with rational exponentsradical operations and equationspolynomial factoringrational expressions and equationsquadratic functions and equationslinear and quadratic inequalitiestrigonometry: non-right triangles and angles in standard positionfinancial literacy: compound interest, investments, loans



Learning Standards (continued)

Curricular Competencies	Content
<p>Communicating and representing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Explain and justify mathematical ideas and decisions in many ways• Represent mathematical ideas in concrete, pictorial, and symbolic forms• Use mathematical vocabulary and language to contribute to discussions in the classroom• Take risks when offering ideas in classroom discourse <p>Connecting and reflecting</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Reflect on mathematical thinking• Connect mathematical concepts with each other, with other areas, and with personal interests• Use mistakes as opportunities to advance learning• Incorporate First Peoples worldviews, perspectives, knowledge, and practices to make connections with mathematical concepts	